

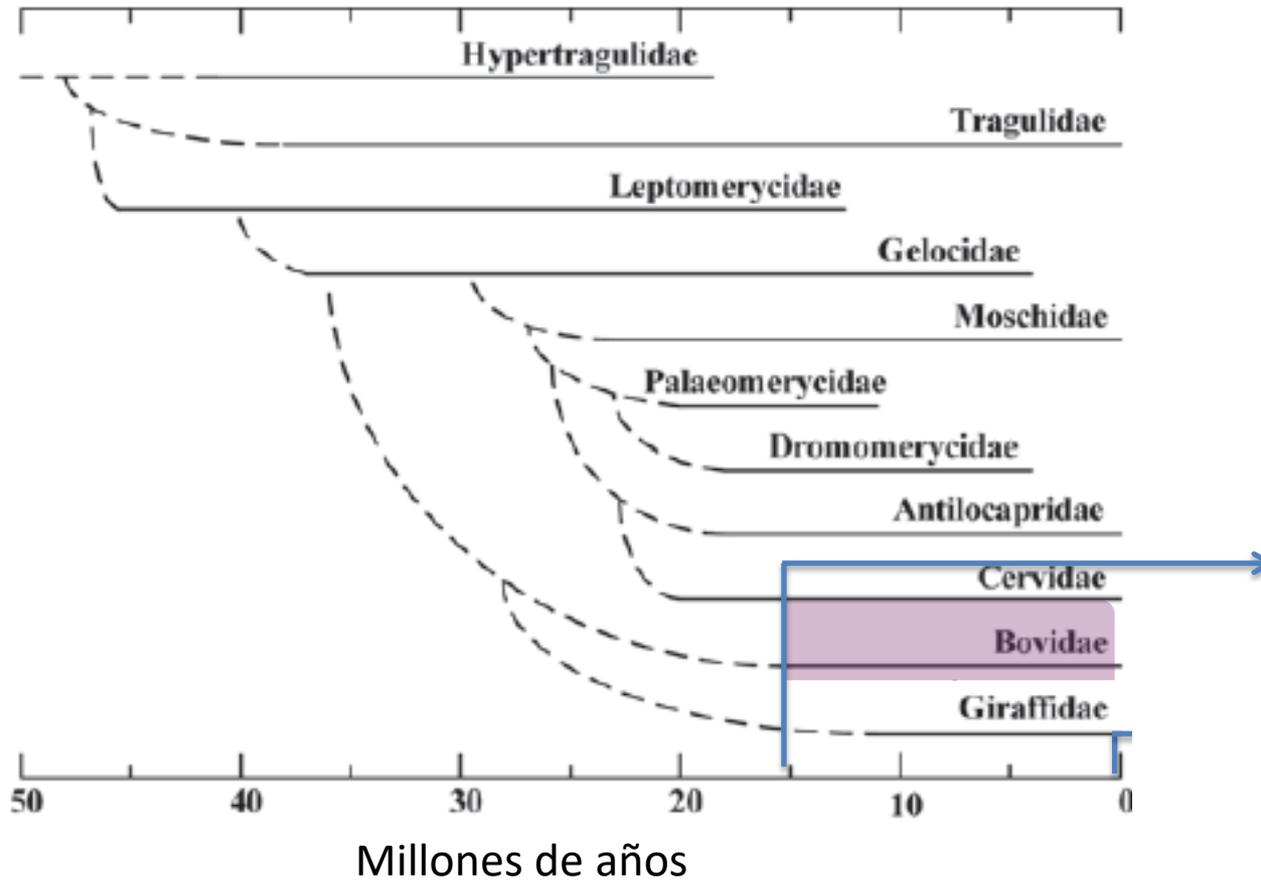


Alimentación eficiente del rumen en caprino. Aditivos alimentarios

David Yáñez-Ruiz

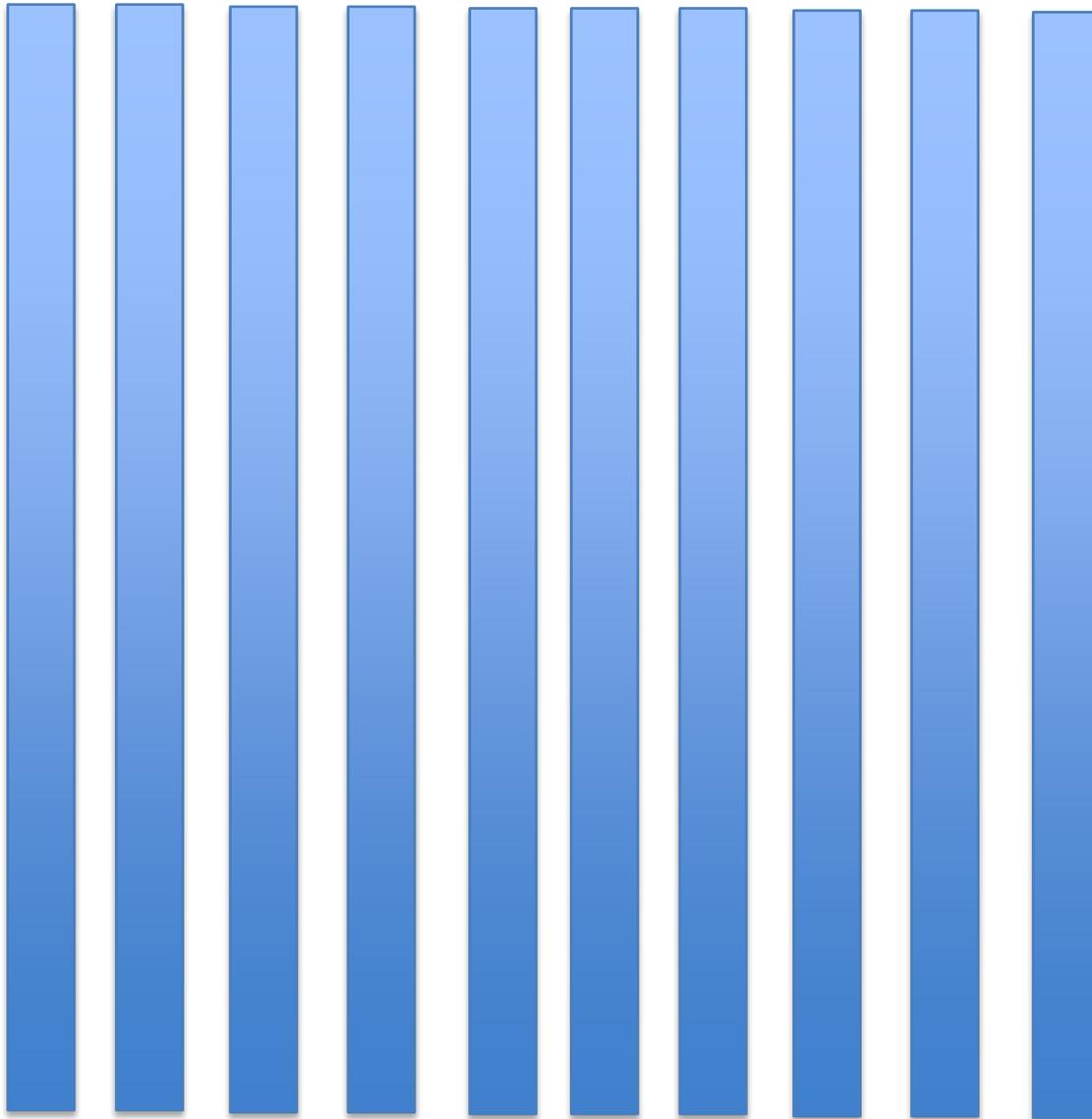
Estación Experimental del Zaidín, CSIC, Granada

Evolución de rumiantes



- Aparición
- 10-15 millones años

Evolución de rumiantes



X 150

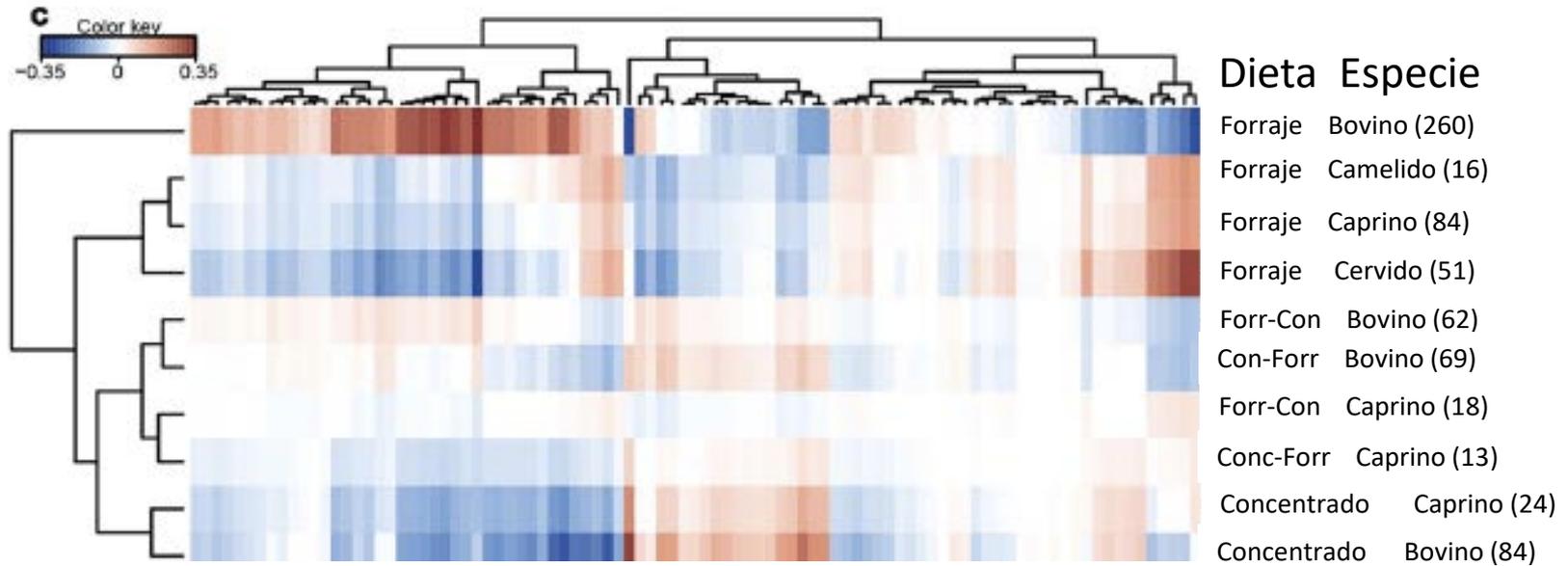
- **Aparición**
- 10-15 millones años

- **Domesticación**
- Cabras 10.000 años
- Vacas/ovejas 4.500 años



- **Intensificación**
- 100 años

Evolución de rumiantes



Evolución de rumiantes



Variedad de alimentos
Cambio de ambientes



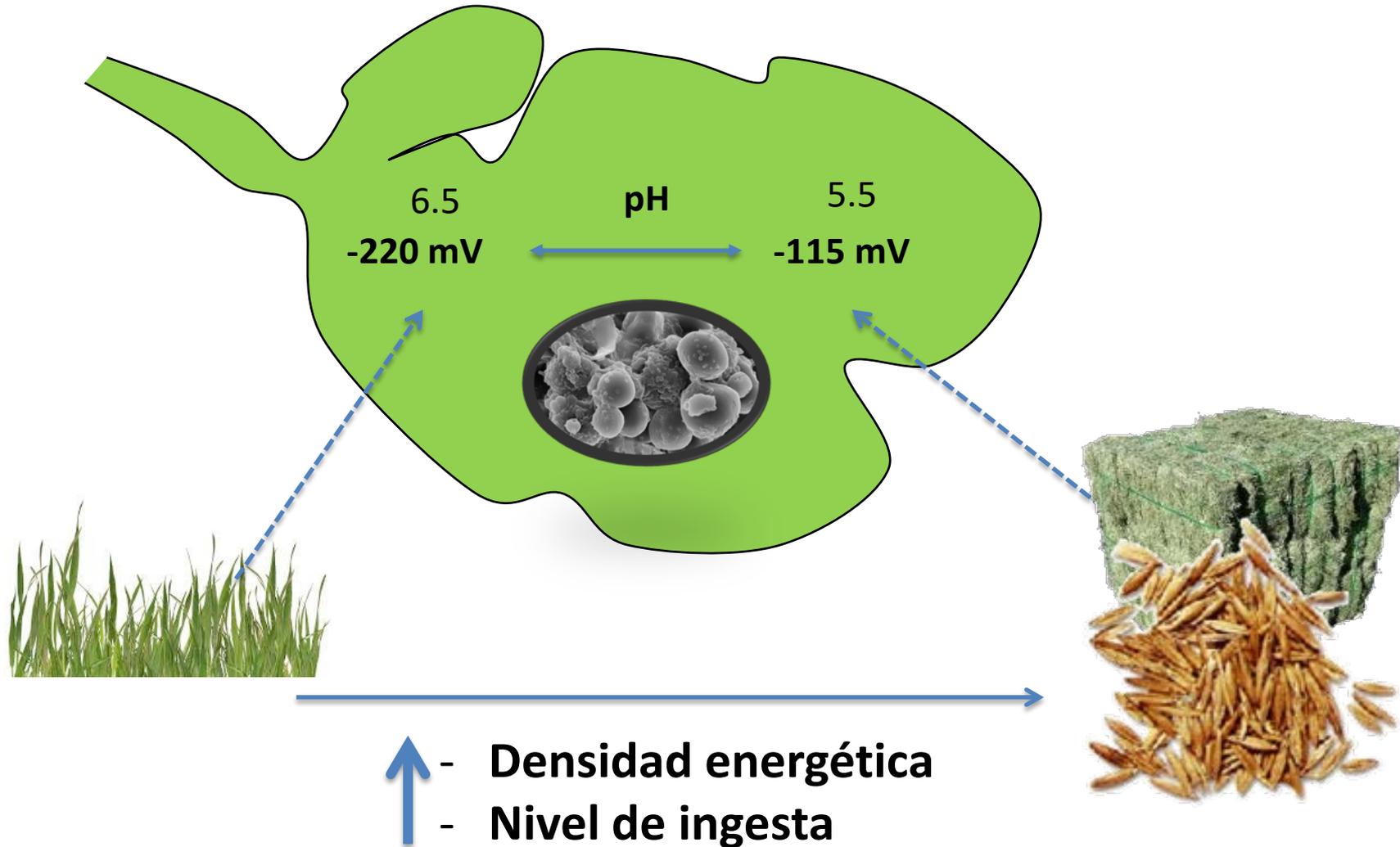
Variación estacional



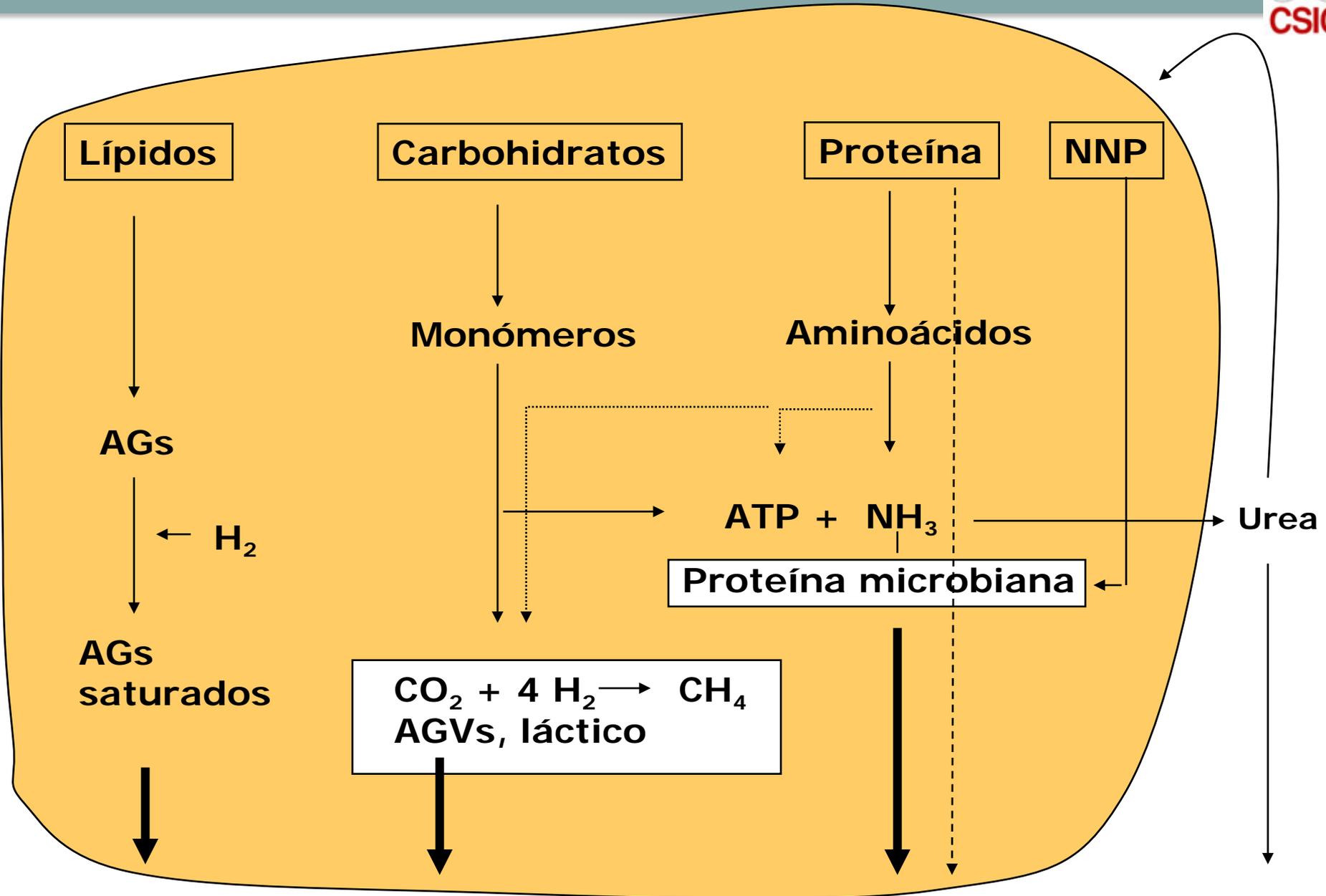
Crianza



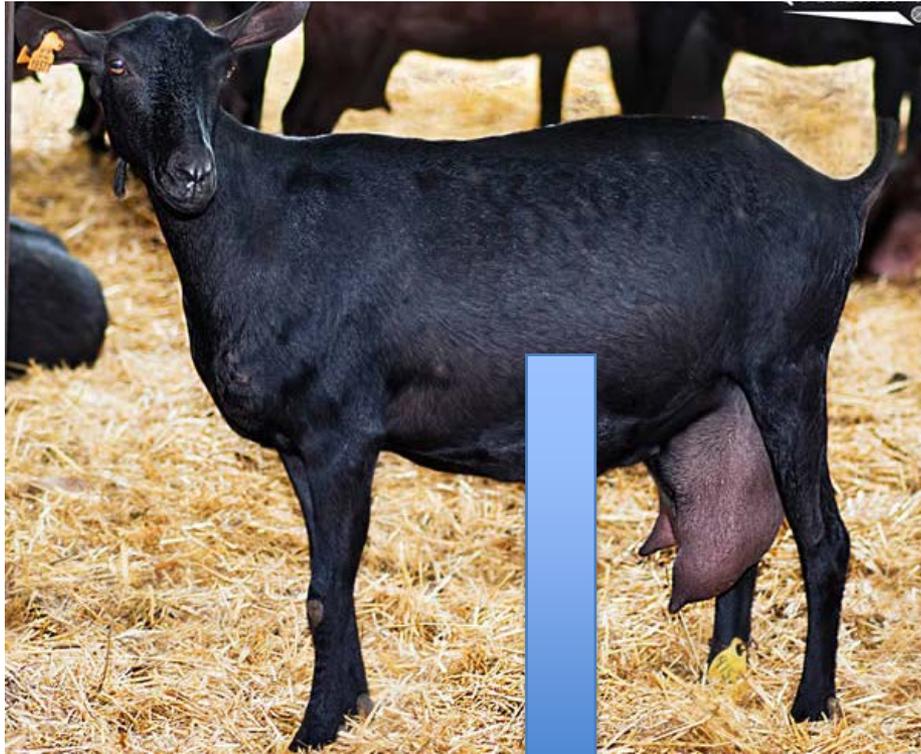
Evolución de rumiantes



Rumen



Microbioma rumen



- **Redundante**
- **Resiliente**

Bacterias



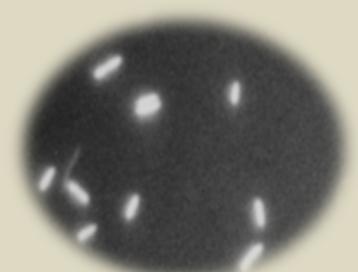
Hongos



Protozoos



Arqueas



Microbioma rumen



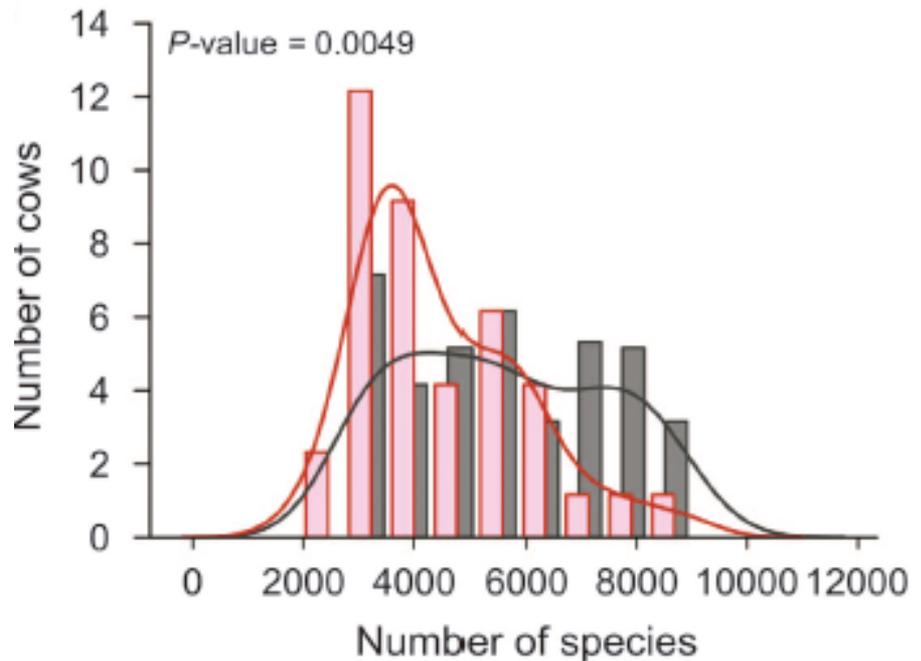
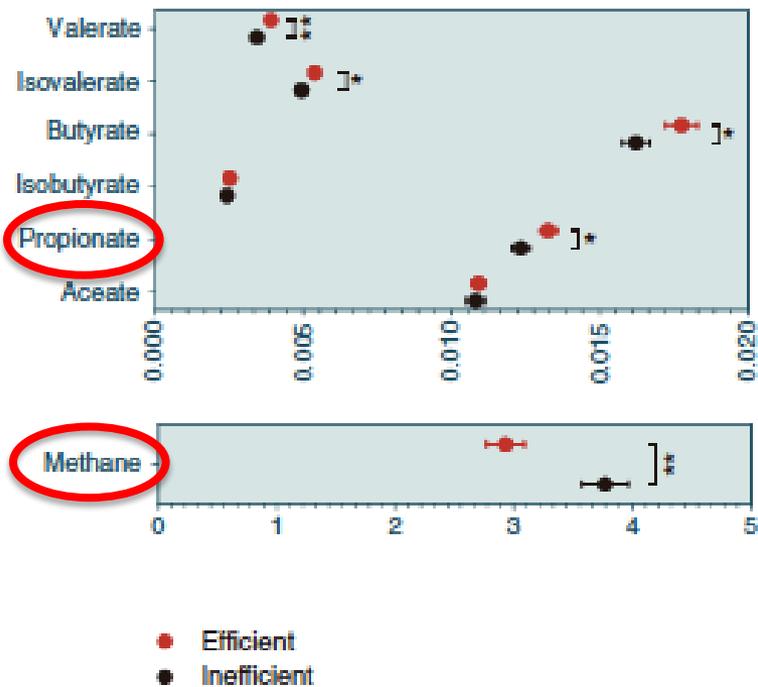
Eficiencia ruminal - especificidad

149 vacas en lactación (50-150 días)

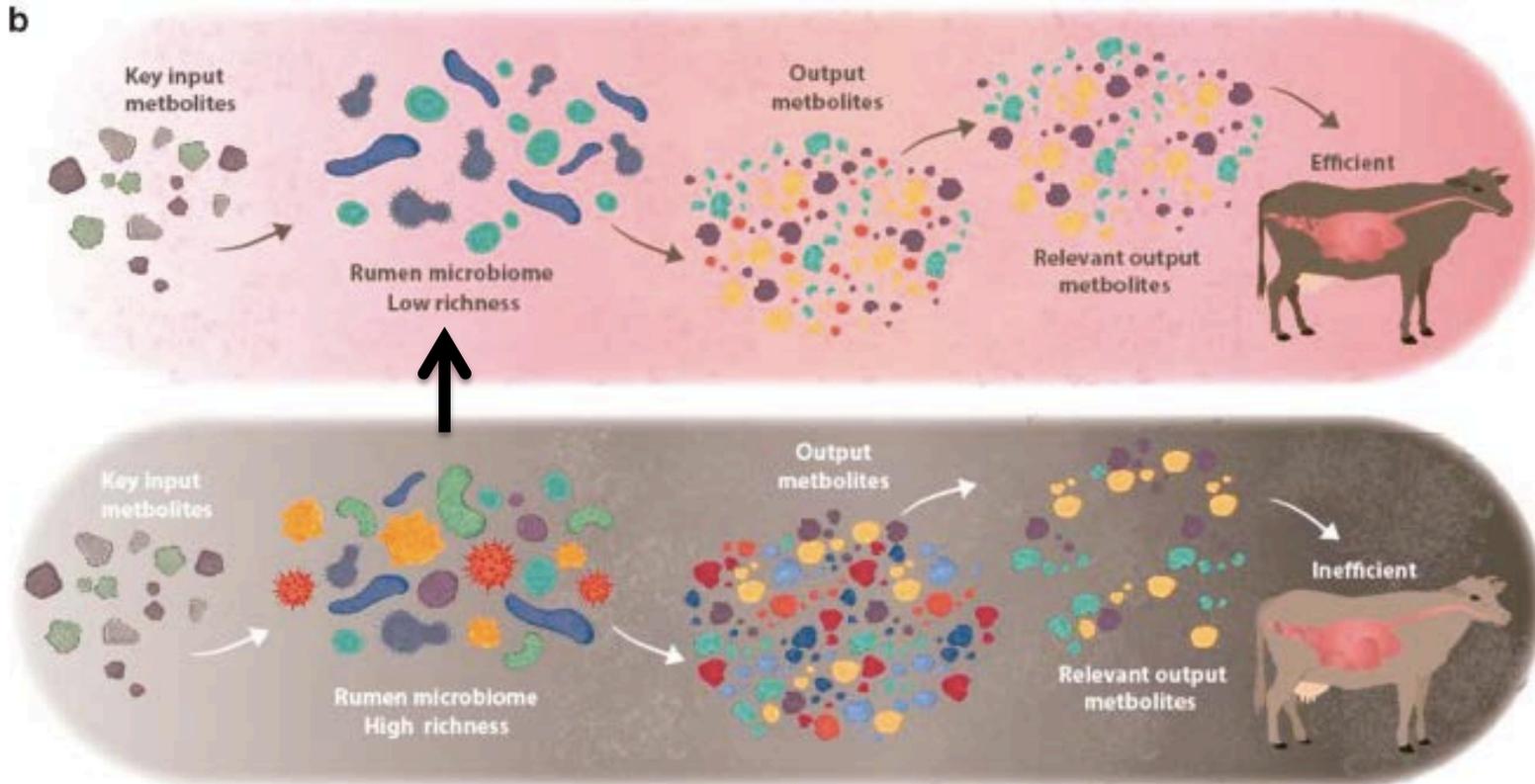
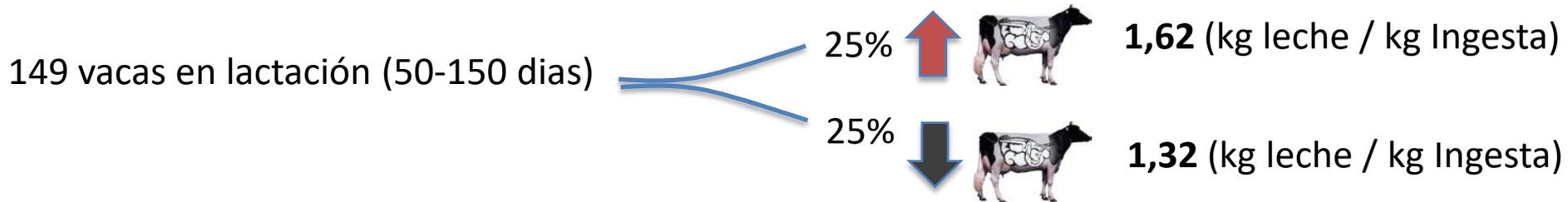
25% ↑  **1,62** (kg leche / kg Ingesta)

25% ↓  **1,29** (kg leche / kg Ingesta)

End products

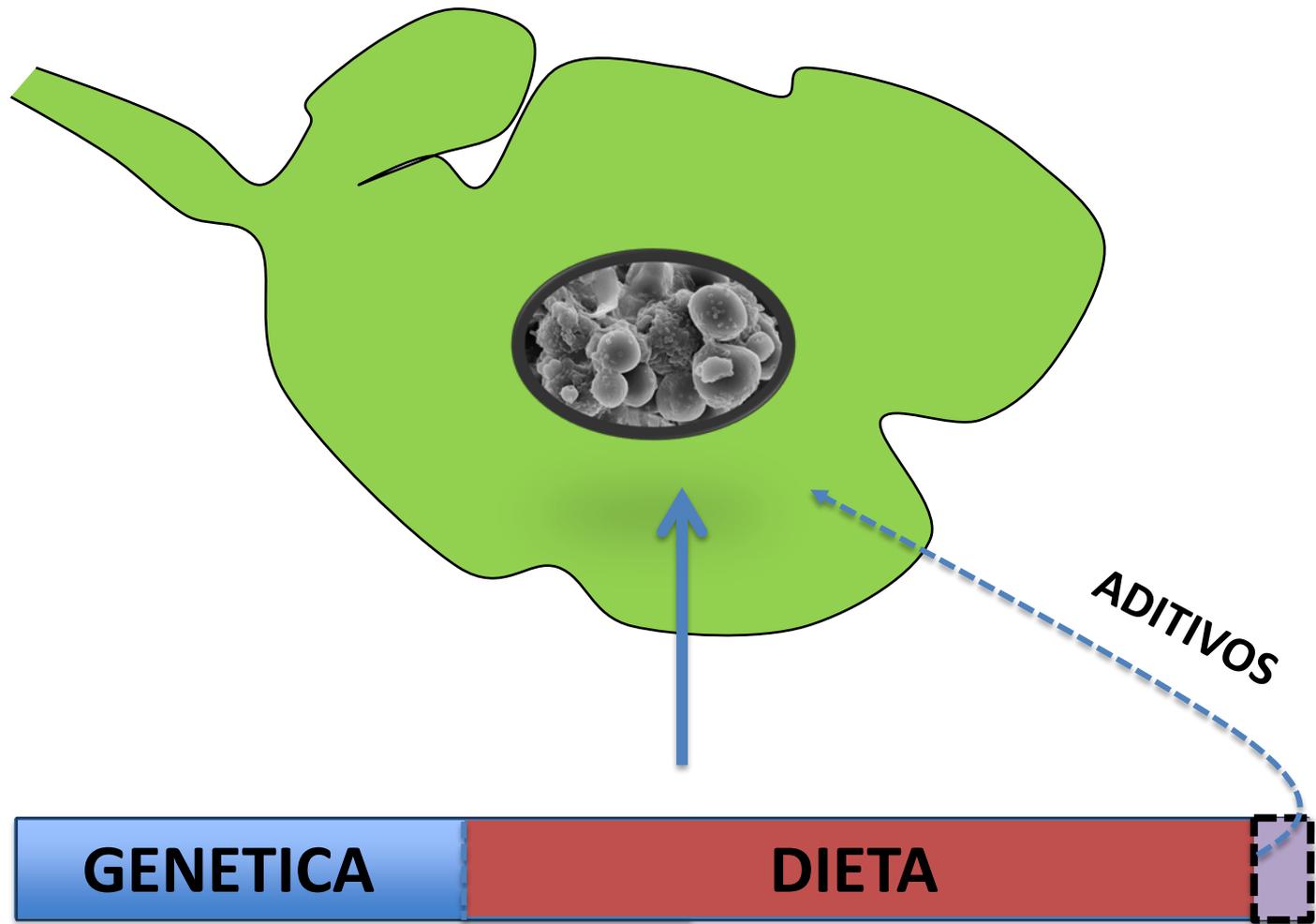


Eficiencia ruminal - especificidad



Ben Shabat et al., 2016 ISME Journal

Eficiencia ruminal - especificidad



Aditivos alimentarios

- Technological additives (e.g. preservatives, antioxidants, emulsifiers, stabilising agents, acidity regulators, silage additives)
- Sensory additives (e.g. flavours, colorants)
- Nutritional additives (e.g. vitamins, minerals, amino acids, trace elements)
- **Zootechnical additives** (e.g. digestibility enhancers, gut flora stabilizers)
- Coccidiostats and histomonostats



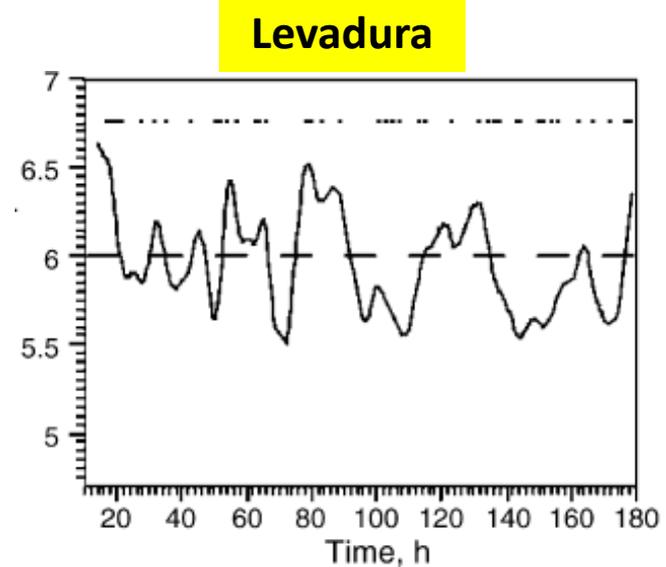
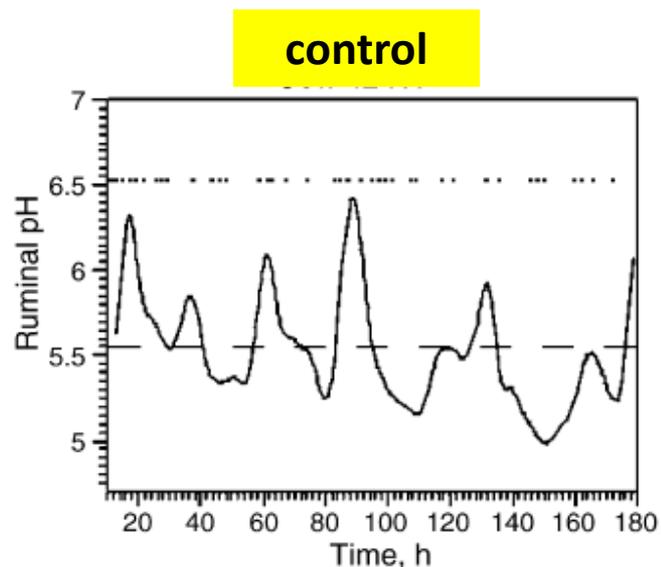
European Union
Register
of Feed Additives

pursuant to Regulation
(EC) No 1831/2003

- 3 ensayos independientes con resultados significativos
- Persistencia de los efectos
- Mecanismos de acción
- Toxicidad

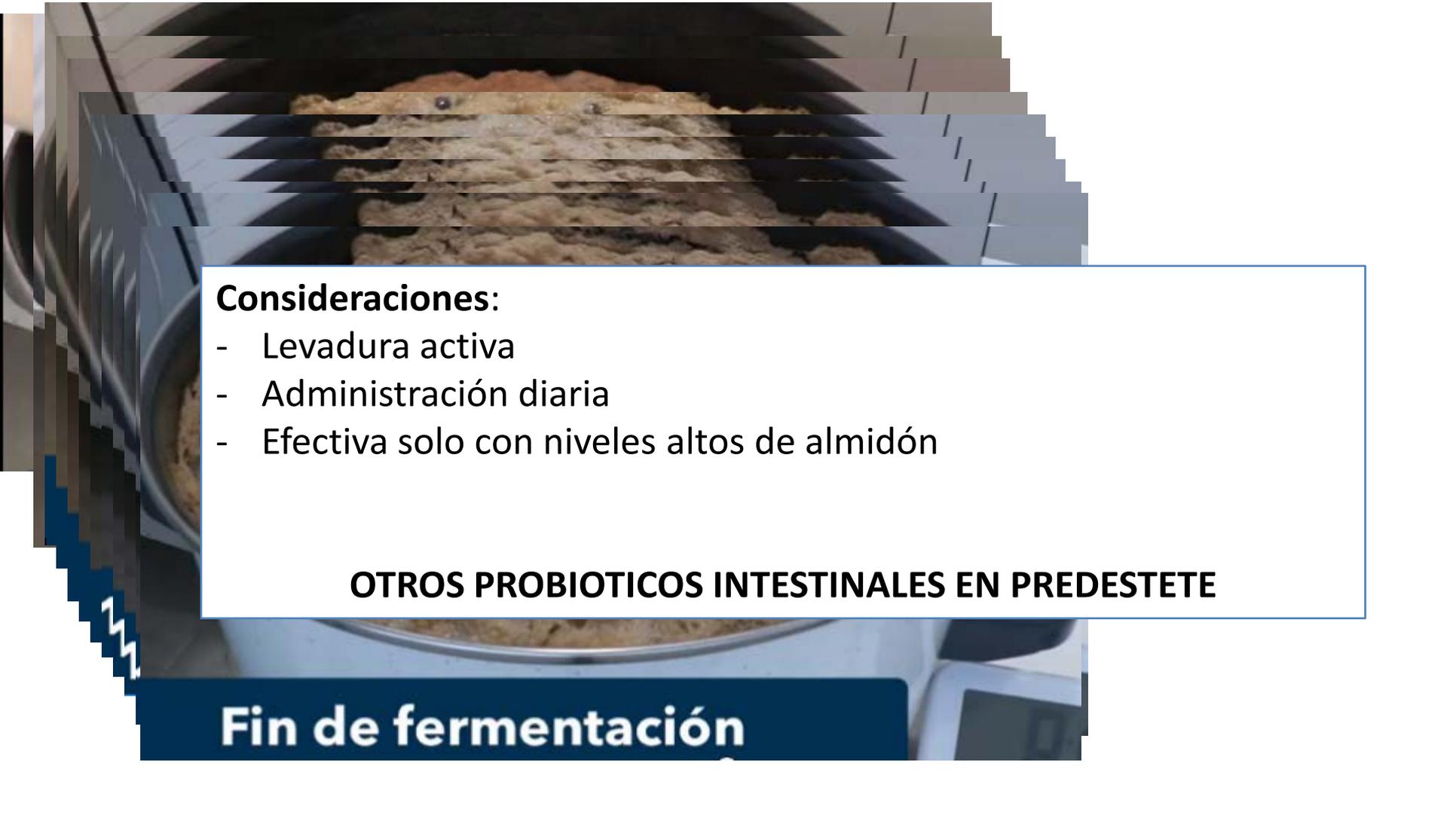
Levaduras *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

- Consumen O₂ del rumen = ambiente anaerobio (<10 ml O₂/L)- Reductor
- Favorece el empleo del lactato (*Megasphera elsdenii*, *Selenomonas ruminantium*)



- **Digestibilidad fibra: 46 al 50 %**
- **+ 0,15 - 0,32 Litros/día**
- **Extracto seco y células somáticas**

Proceso de fermentación

The background of the slide is a photograph of a fermentation process. It shows a large, dark, textured mass, likely yeast or a microbial culture, contained within a white plastic bucket. The bucket is placed on a scale, and a digital display is visible in the bottom right corner. The image is slightly blurred and has a dark, semi-transparent overlay on the left side.

Consideraciones:

- Levadura activa
- Administración diaria
- Efectiva solo con niveles altos de almidón

OTROS PROBIOTICOS INTESTINALES EN PREDESTETE

Fin de fermentación

Aditivos alimentarios

- Technological additives (e.g. preservatives, antioxidants, emulsifiers, stabilising agents, acidity regulators, silage additives)
- **Sensory additives** (e.g. flavours, colorants)
- Nutritional additives (e.g. vitamins, minerals, amino acids, trace elements)
- Zootechnical additives (e.g. digestibility enhancers, gut flora stabilizers)
- Coccidiostats and histomonostats



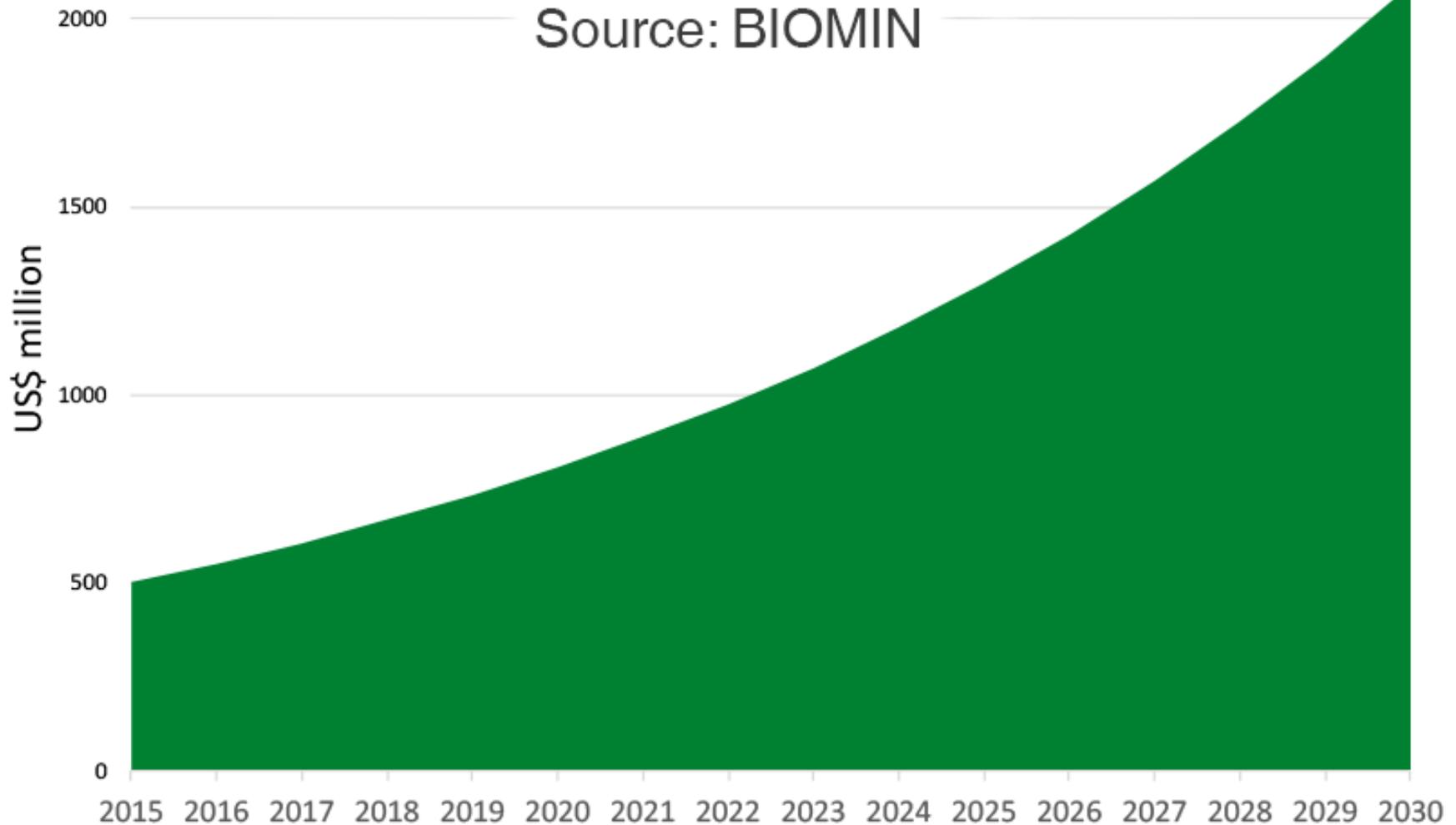
European Union
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of Feed Additives

*pursuant to Regulation
(EC) No 1831/2003*

Aditivos fitogénicos

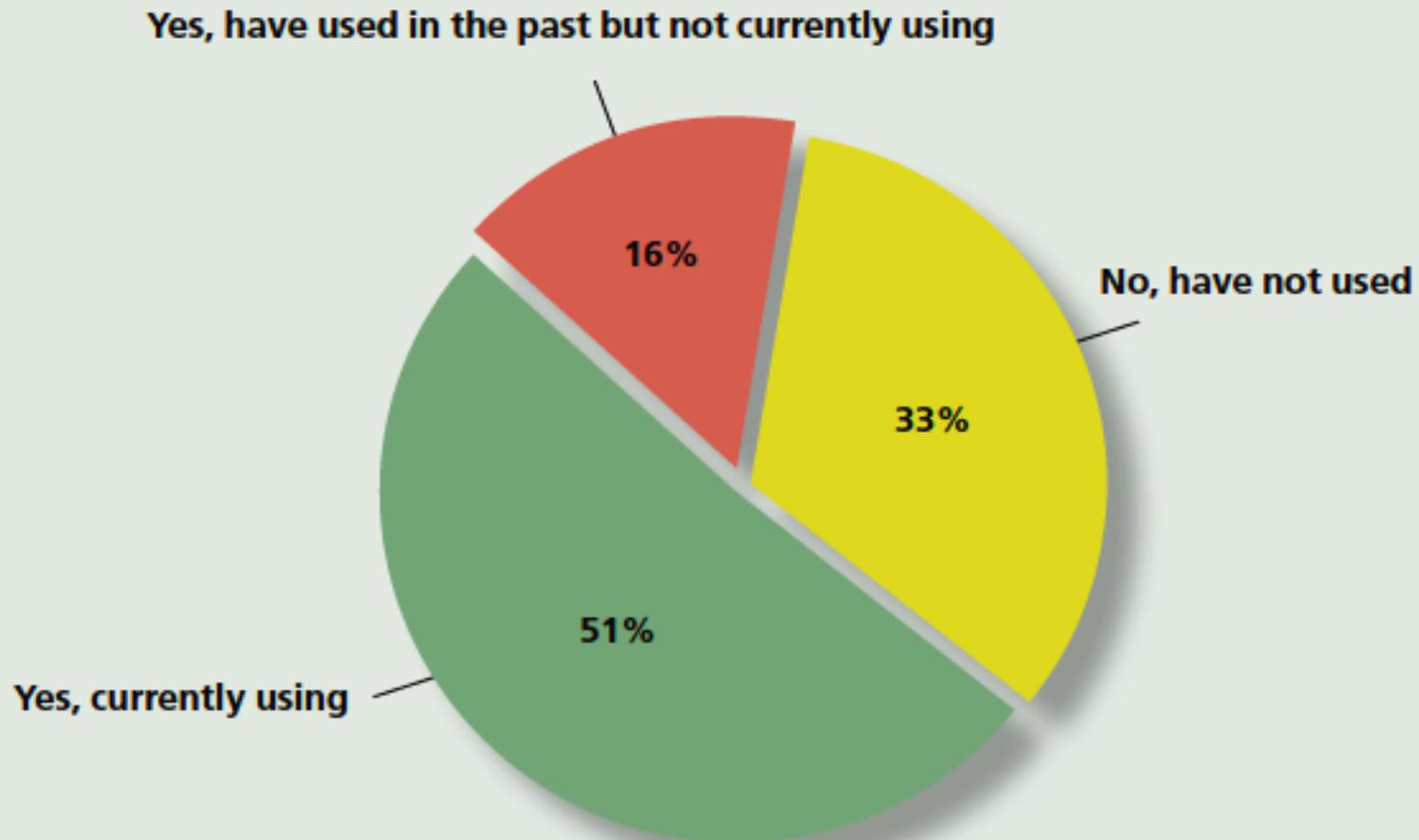
Global PFA Market Growth Projections

Source: BIOMIN



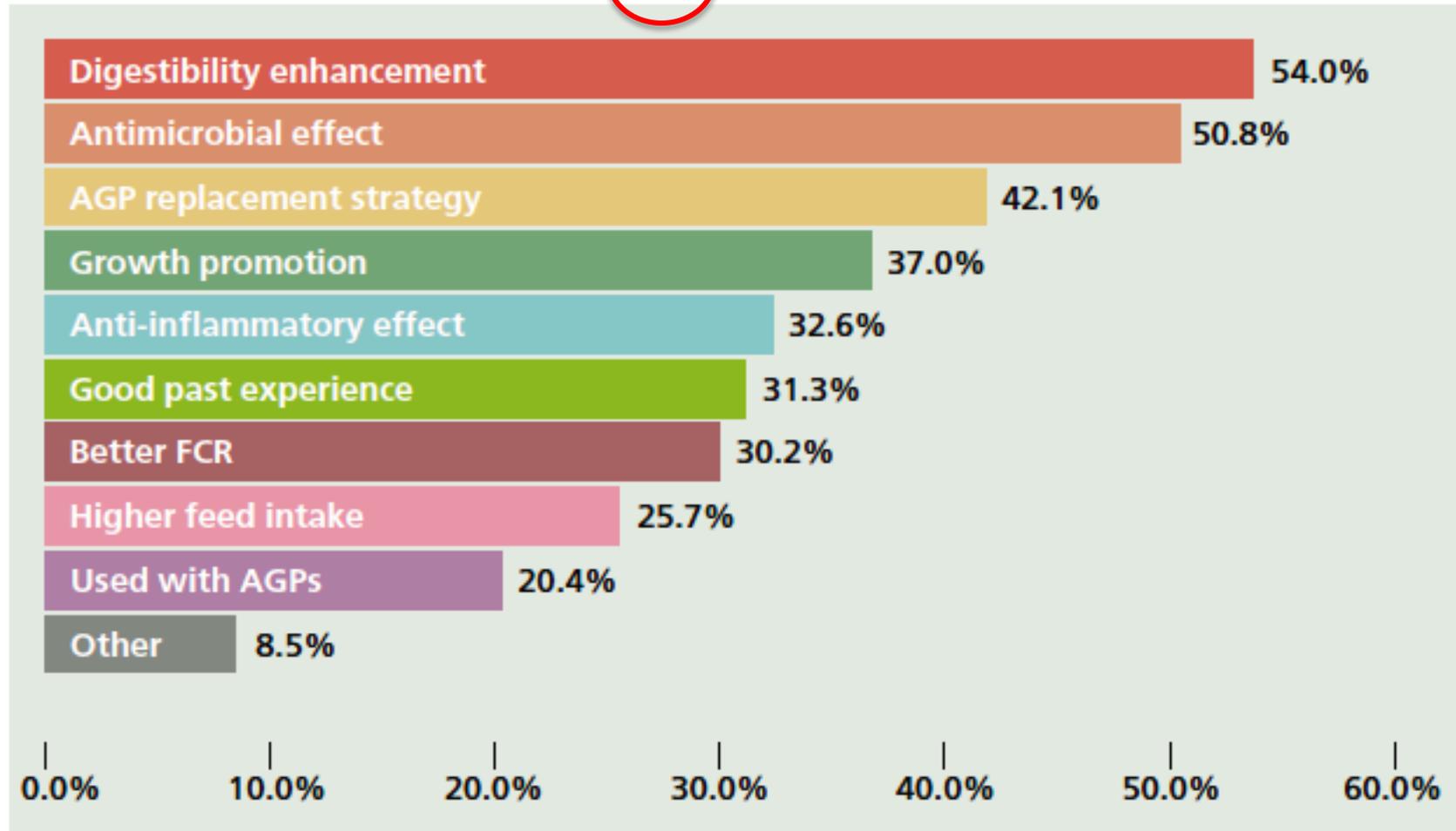
Aditivos fitogénicos

Uso de extractos de plantas



Aditivos fitogénicos

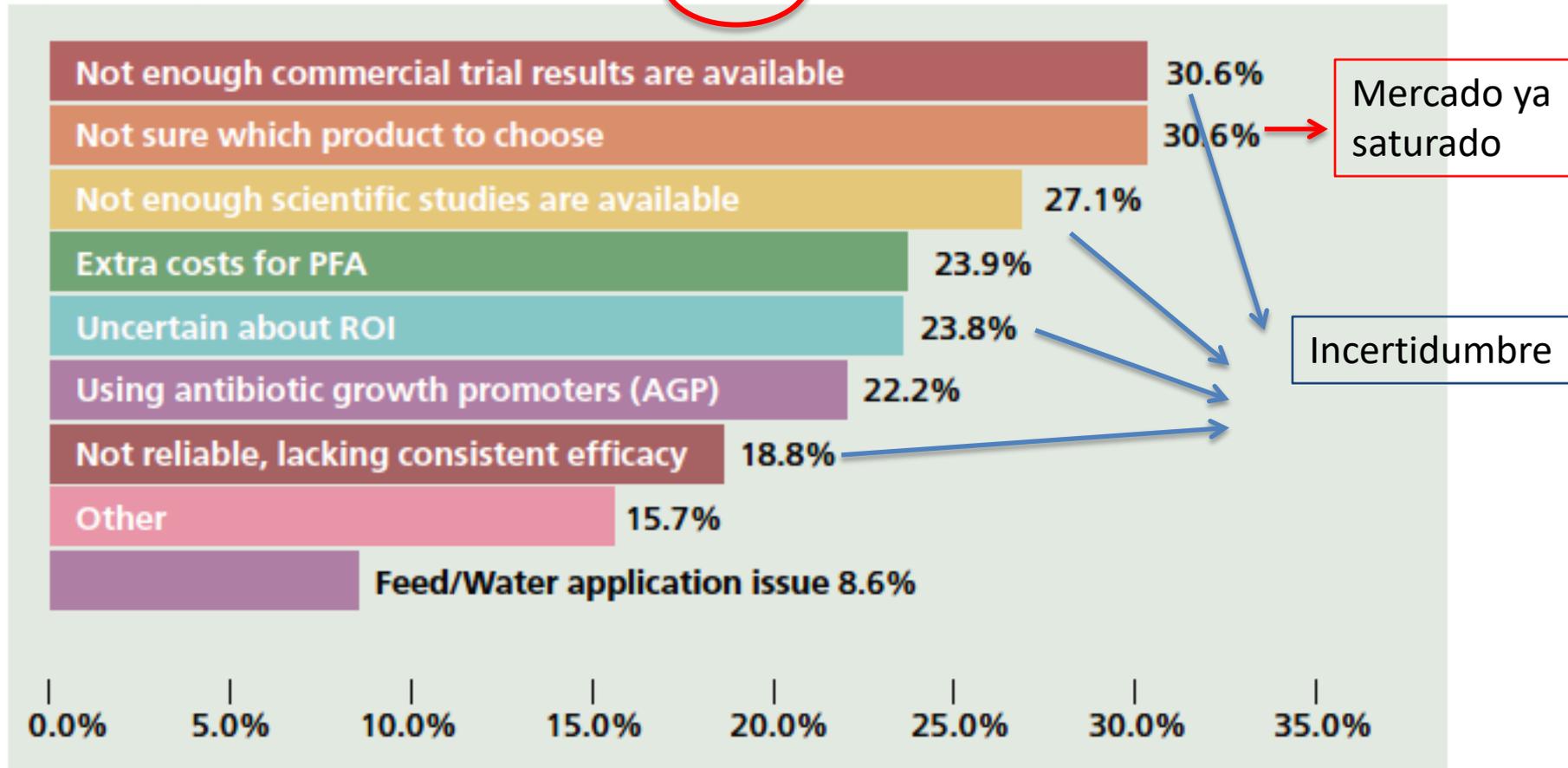
Figure 4. Top reasons that respondents use PFAs.



Source: 2017 BIOMIN Phytogetic Feed Additives Survey

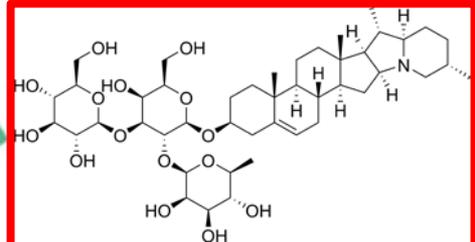
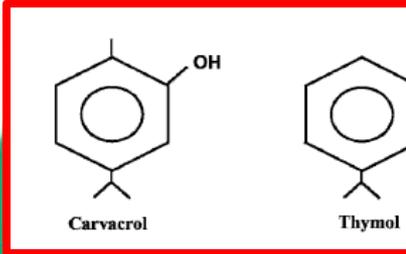
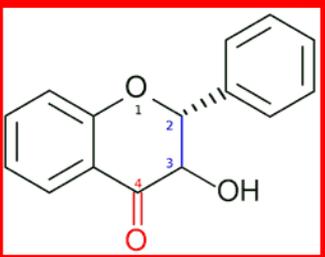
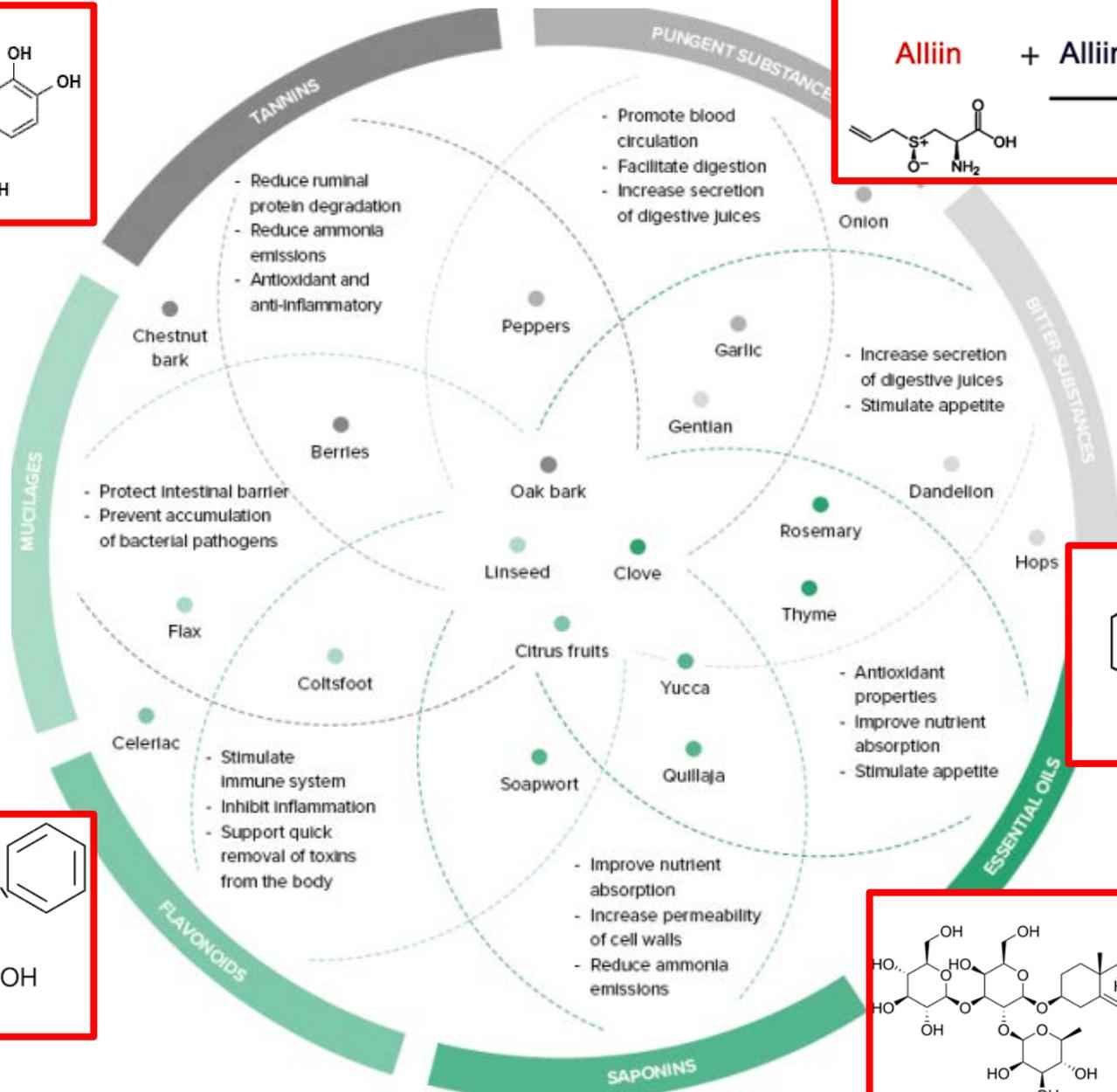
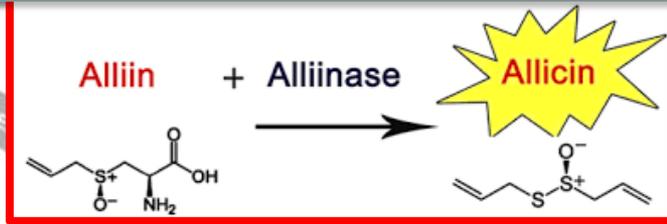
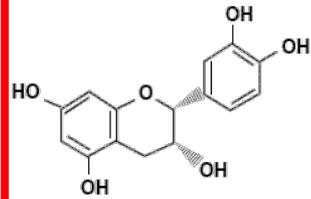
Aditivos fitogénicos

Figure 6. Top reasons that respondents do not use PFAs.



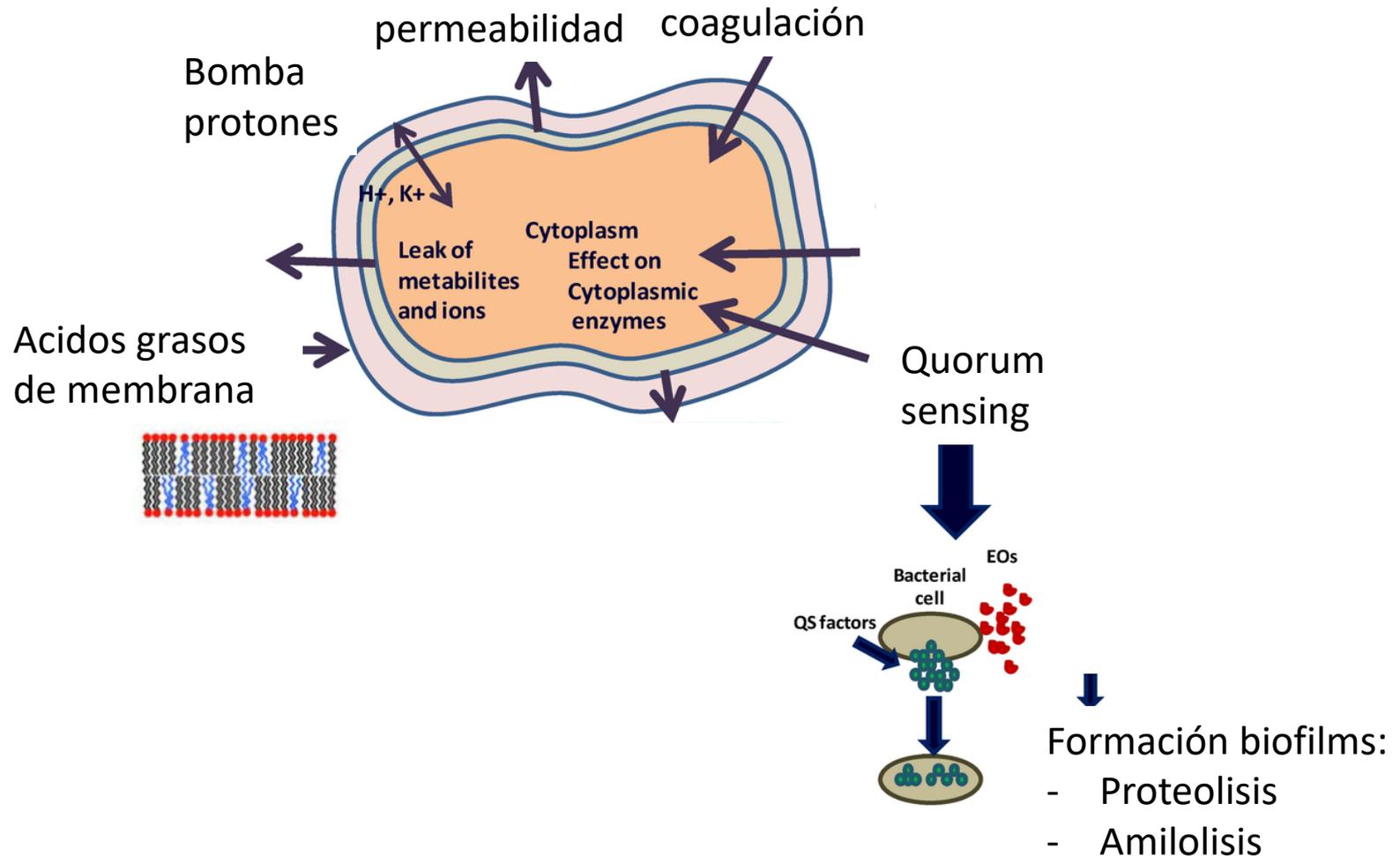
Source: 2017 BIOMIN Phytogetic Feed Additives Survey

Aditivos fitogénicos



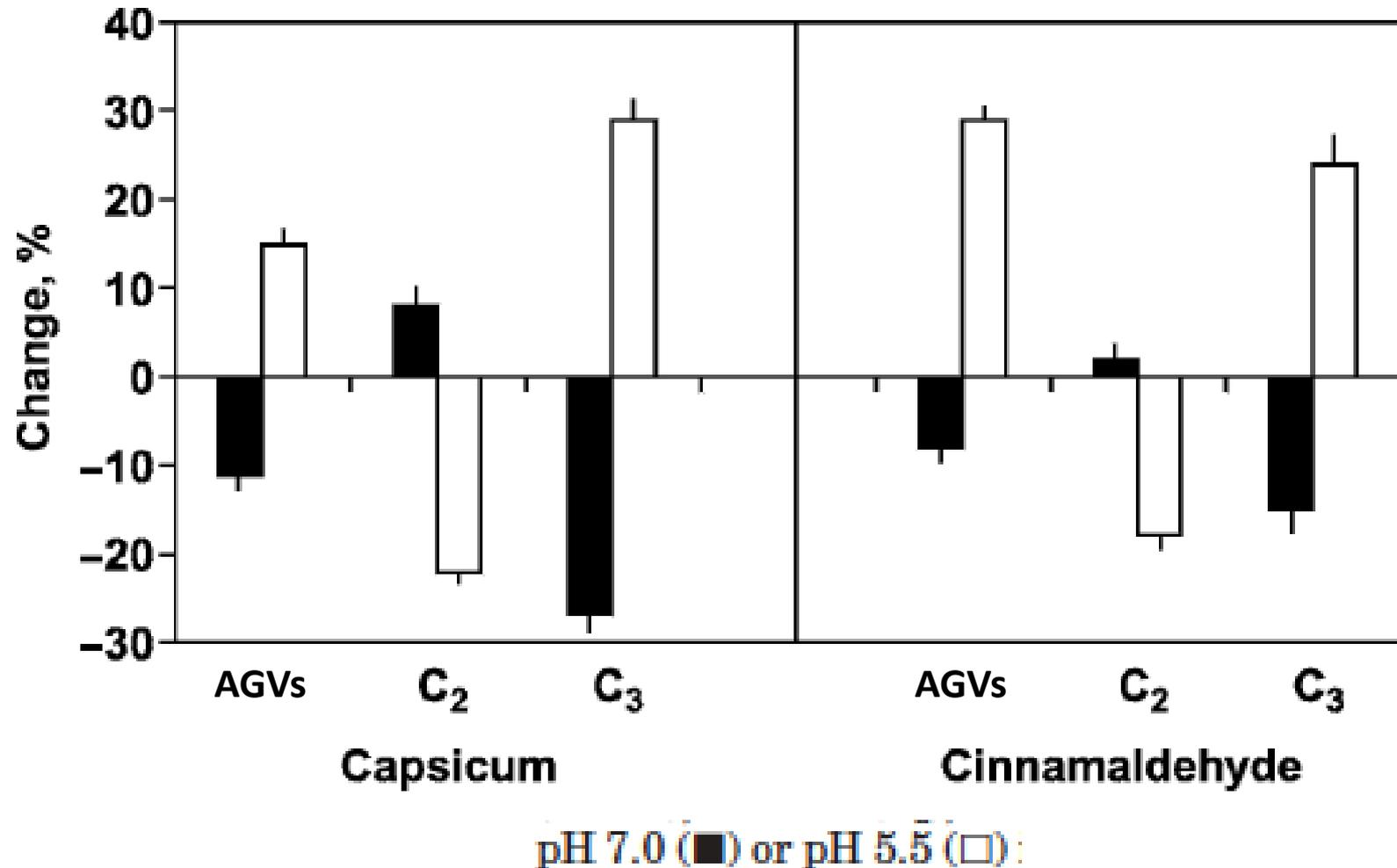
Aditivos fitogénicos

Mecanismos de acción antimicrobiano

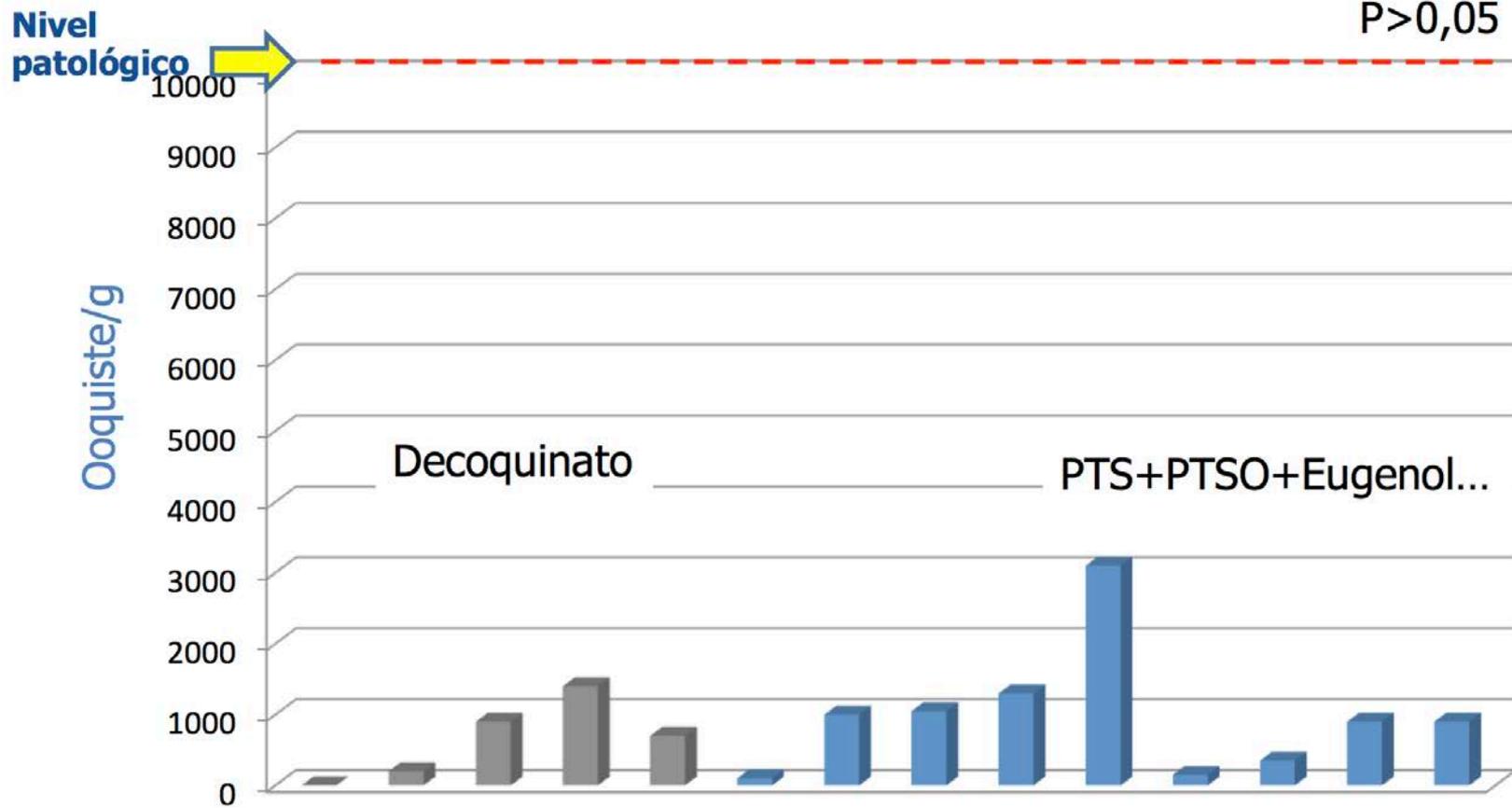


Aditivos fitogénicos

Factores de variación



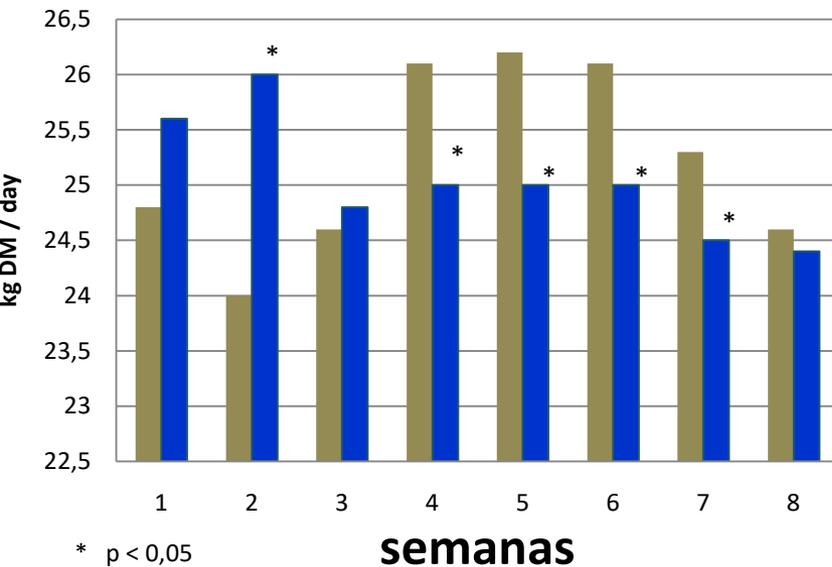
Ejemplos



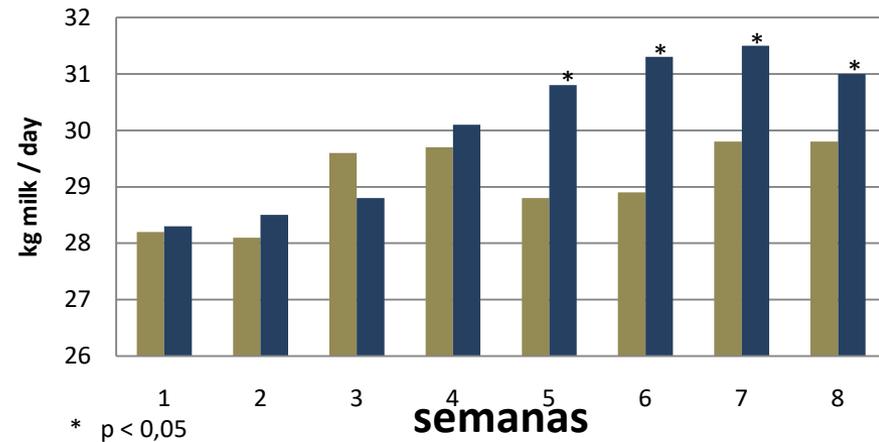
Ejemplos

- Nuez moscada: terpenos (eugenol, limoneno...)
- Cilantro: linalol, geraniol...

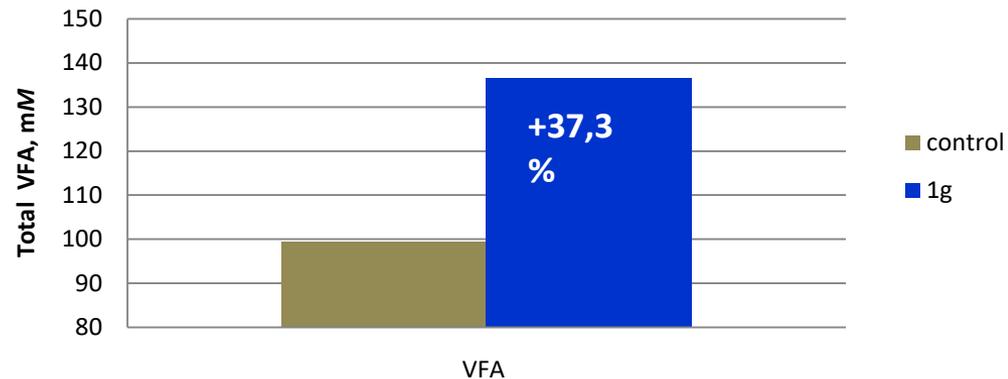
Ingesta MS



Producción leche



AGV rumen



Conclusiones

- **Ecosistema ruminal** complejo – menor diversidad mayor eficiencia
- Alto potencial de **aditivos ‘alternativos’**
- **Confusión** en el sector (complejidad, restricciones legales....)
- Necesidad de datos específicos en **caprino**

Muchas gracias